

### Números, Horas y Citas

Antes de comenzar el estudio de este volumen, dedique unos minutos contestar a las 15 preguntas del examen siguiente. Llene el circulo

### Índice

)5
7
9
10
11
15
17
19
20
21
25
27
29
30
32
37
39
41
42
43
47
53

No se olvide de estudiar las lecciones en el manual antes de hacer los ejercicios de este cuaderno.

### **Examen Inicial**

Antes de comenzar el estudio de este volumen, dedique unos minutos a contestar a las 15 preguntas del examen siguiente. Llene el círculo correspondiente a la respuesta correcta.

	How oldRafael?	6.	Do they play soccer the	11. Do you like getting up at 7:00 AM?
	a) do		afternoon?	O a) No, I do.
	b) are		a) at	O b) Yes, you do.
0	c) have		b) like	
0	d) is	0	c) on	O c) Yes, they do.
0	e) has	0	d) in	O d) No, we do.
		0	e) usually	O e) No, I don't.
	Не	_	The second second	12. Are they dreaming?
	a) has 26 years		It's 1:19	O a) No, I'm not dreaming.
	b) is 26 years old		a) It's twenty to two.	O b) No, dreaming.
0	c) doesn't have 26		b) It's one one nine.	
0	d) hasn't 26 years		c) It's one nineteen.	O c) Yes, dreaming.
0	e) has 26		d) It's one and nineteen.	O d) Yes, they are.
0	1 1 1 1 2	0	e) It's one o nine.	O e) Yes, they do.
3.		0	Wit I CI	13 you?
	a) How do		What is she She's running.	O a) Does, understand
	b) Who		a) doing.	O b) Are, understand
	c) What		b) running.	O c) Is, understand
	d) Where		c) doing?	O d) Have, understanding
0	e) How		d) running?	
,	1.1	0	e) do?	O e) Do, understand
	It's a quarter past five	0	11 TV 1 :	14. playing soccer?
	a) 4:45		I love TV. I it every night.	O a) We don't
	b) 5:15	0	a) listen to	O b) Doesn't like
	c) 5:30		b) watch	O c) Does he
	d) 4:50	O	c) see	O d) Do they
0	e) 5:05	O	d) watching	O e) Do they like
-	H 11 6.20 PM	0	e) seeing	O e) Do they like
	He usually at 6:30 PM.	10	the state of the second	15. What time is it?
	a) go home		they studying?	O a) Yes, it's noon.
	b) isn't going		a) When	O b) It's noon.
	c) going		b) Is	O c) Every day at noon.
	d) goes home		c) Doesn't	O d) At noon.
0	e) doesn't go		d) Are	O e) Afternoon.
		0	e) What	O e) Alternoon.

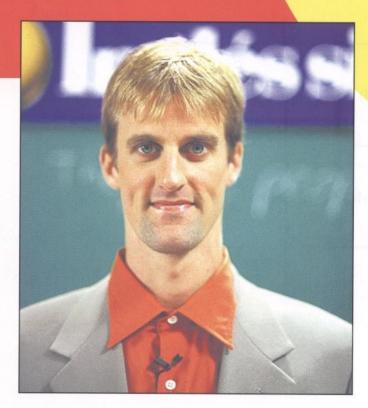
Cuando haya estudiado todas las lecciones de este volumen, haga el mismo examen de nuevo. Lo encontrará al final de este cuaderno, en la página titulada "Examen Final".

Compare los resultados obtenidos en este examen con los del examen final. Así comprobará lo que ha aprendido y podrá medir su progreso.

Cuando haya terminado este examen, empiece a estudiar la Lección Uno.

Enversoria lais es partir en la pagion I

Lección



## Vocabulario **[**



Encontrará las respuestas en la página 11.

A. Conteste a las preguntas relacionadas con las personas que aparecen en las fotografías. Use las palabras entre paréntesis.

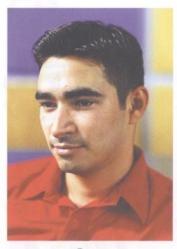
Ejemplo How old is Luisa? (23)

### She is 23 years old.



Luisa

- 1. What color is her hair? (red)
- 2. Where is she from? (Argentina)
- 3. How old is Juan? (25)
- 4. What color is his hair? (black)
- 5. Where is Juan from? (Mexico)



Juan

### Vocabulario



Mr. McCarthy

			3.5	N.F. C 1 . 2	1 . 0	(1.1 1)
6.	What	color i	s Mr.	McCarthy's	hair!	(blond)

7. What color are his eyes? (blue)	
------------------------------------	--

- 8. How old is Mr. Mc Carthy? (29)
- B. Use letras para escribir estos números.

twenty-seven 27 Ejemplo: 2. 4. 7.\_\_\_\_\_

Encontrará las respuestas en la página 11.

### C. Escriba oraciones que indiquen la hora representada en los dibujos.

Ejemplo:

lt's 2:40.





1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_





3. \_\_\_\_\_

10 2 1 2 1 3 1 4 7 5 5





5.



6. \_\_\_\_\_



3:19

8. \_\_\_\_\_

## Clase

D. Conteste a las preguntas usando la hora indicada en los dibujos.

Ejemplo: Excuse me, do you have the time?

### Yes, it's three twenty PM.





- 1. What time is it?
- 2. Excuse me. What time is it?





- 3. Pardon me, do you have the time?
- 4. Have you got the time?





- 5. Excuse me, do you have the time?
- 6. What time is it?





- 7. Pardon me. What time is it?
- 8. Do you have the time?



# Diálogo

Encontrará las respuestas en la página 12.

### Complete el diálogo.

Maggie	Excuse me	_ time is it?	
Mark	Hi, Margot. It's me.		
Maggie	Hi, Mark. My	's Maggie.	
Mark	Oh, sorry.	are you?	
Maggie	I'm fine. How are	, Mark?	
Mark	Not bad. Aren't you	Canada?	
Maggie	, I'm from	Germany.	
Mark	Oh, yeah, Germany. Fra	inkfurt?	
Maggie	No, Berlin.		
Mark	Right, Berlin.		
Maggie	Have you got the	?	
Mark	Sure''s ele	even forty.	
Maggie	Eleven! I	'm late.	
Mark	Oh, sorry. It's eleven tw	enty.	
Maggie	Whew, good.	you, Mark.	
Mark	Sure. See	later, Margot. UhhMa	ggie
Maggie	Yeah See you later		



### **Examen**

Encontrará las respuestas en la página 12.

Relacione cada dibujo con la oración correspondiente. Escriba la letra del dibujo delante de la oración que indique la misma hora.















1. It's three thirteen.

2. It's noon.

3. It's two fifteen.

4. It's ten thirty.

\_\_\_\_ 5. It's midnight.

\_\_\_\_ 6. It's six fifty-five.

\_\_\_\_ 7. It's seven forty-five.

8. It's four-sixteen.

## Respuestas [

#### Vocabulario

- A. Her hair is red.
  - She is from Argentina.
  - He is 25 years old.
  - His hair is black.
  - He is from Mexico.
  - His hair is blond.
  - 7. His eyes are blue.
  - He is 29 years old.
- B. 1. eleven
  - 2. nineteen
  - 3. twenty-four
  - 4. sixty
  - 5. thirteen
  - forty-one
  - 7. twelve
  - fifty-seven

#### Clase

- C. 1. It's 7:10.
  - 2. It's 6:35.
  - It's 12:00 AM. or It's midnight.
  - 4. It's 8:45.
  - It's 11:20.
  - 6. It's 1:49.
  - 7. It's 4:12.
  - 8. It's 3:19.
- D. 1. It's nine fifty.
  - 2. It's eight o'clock. or It's eight.
  - Yes, it's five thirty.
  - Yes, it's eleven fifteen.
  - Yes, it's one forty-five.
  - 6. It's six eighteen.
  - It's three thirty-five.
  - Yes, it's one twenty-three AM.

## Respuestas

#### Diálogo

Maggie Excuse me. What time is it?

Mark Hi, Margot. It's me.

Maggie Maggie. My <u>name</u>'s Maggie.

Mark Oh, sorry. <u>How</u> are you?

Maggie I'm fine. How are <u>you</u>, Mark?

Mark Not bad. Aren't you from Canada?

Maggie No, I'm from Germany.
Mark Oh, yeah. Frankfurt?

Maggie No, Berlin. Mark Right, Berlin.

Maggie Do you have the <u>time</u>?

Mark Sure. <u>It</u>'s eleven forty.

Maggie Eleven <u>forty</u>! I'm late.

Mark Oh, sorry. It's eleven twenty.
Maggie Whew, good. Thank you, Mark.

Mark Sure. See <u>you</u> later, Margot. Uhh...Maggie.

Maggie Yeah. See you later.

#### Examen

1. c

2. a

3. e

4. d

5. a

6. f

7. b

8. g

36310

## Lección



### Vocabulario 🚧



Encontrará las respuestas en la página 21.

A. Dibuje las agujas del reloj para representar la hora indicada en cada oración, o escriba los números correspondientes a la hora indicada en cada oración.

Ejemplo: It's 2:40.



1. It's ten to seven.



2. It's half past six.



3. It's midnight.



4. It's a quarter to three.



5. It's a quarter past seven.



6. It's eleven nineteen.



7. It's twenty to ten.



8. It's nine oh seven.



### Vocabulario

B. Escriba oraciones que describan los dibujos y que incluyan la palabra "usually".



Ejemplo: She usually goes home at 6:30 PM.







3.





5.





Encontrará las respuestas en la página 21.

C. I	Llene	los	espacios	en	blanco	usando	"in"	0	"at".	
------	-------	-----	----------	----	--------	--------	------	---	-------	--

Ejemplo:	She works _	in	he morning.
	1. He us		nome midnight
	2. We ge	t up every o	lay 8:00 AM.
	3. They j	play soccer	the afternoon.
	4. We us	ually talk _	night.
	5. I stud	у	the evening.
	6. You us	sually eat _	8:15.
	7. Let's n	neet	noon.
	8. I get u	p at 7:30 _	the morning.



### D. Escriba las preguntas correspondientes a estas respuestas usando las palabras entre paréntesis.

Ejemplo:	(7:20 PM) Do you go home at 7:20 PM?
<i>J</i> 1	No, I go home at 7:30 PM.
1.	
	Yes, they play soccer in the afternoon.
2.	(8:20)
	No, she usually gets up at 8:10 AM.
3.	(you)
	Yes, I study every evening.
4.	(you)
	Yes, we usually eat at noon.
5.	6. You usually out 8:15s.
	Yes, they talk every night.
6	
	No, he doesn't work on Sunday.
7	. (you)
	I usually eat at 6:00 PM.
8.	
	He usually goes home in the evening.

## Diálogo //



Encontrará las respuestas en la página 22.

#### Ponga estos párrafos en el orden correcto.



Walter 9:15?

Leo

No, a quarter to nine. Eight forty-five.

Walter

OK. 8:45.



Let's meet at 7:30. Walter

No, I get up at 7:30.



Walter OK. Let's meet at 8:30.

Leo

8:30? How about a quarter to nine?



### **Examen**

Encontrará las respuestas en la página 22.

Escriba oraciones que describan estos dibujos. Use la palabra "usually" y las palabras entre parentésis.



Ejemplo: (8:11) He usually listens to the radio at 8:11.



1. (3:45)



2. (afternoon) \_\_\_\_\_



Bla, bla...

4. (3:10 PM)

5. (evening) \_\_\_\_\_



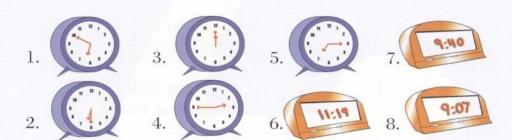


### Respuestas



#### Vocabulario

A.



- **B.** 1. They usually talk at 9:41 AM.
  - 2. He usually works at 2:00 PM.
  - 3. She usually studies at 11:53 PM.
  - 4. They usually eat at 9:00 AM.
  - 5. He usually plays (soccer) at 2:00 PM.
  - 6. He usually gets up at 7:00 AM.

#### Clase

- **C.** 1. at
  - 2. at
  - 3. in
  - 4. at
  - 5. in
  - 6. at
  - 7. at
  - 8. in
- **D.** 1. Do they play soccer in the afternoon?
  - 2. Does she usually get up at 8:20 AM?
  - 3. Do you study every evening?
  - 4. Do you usually eat at noon?
  - 5. Do they talk every night?
  - 6. Does he work on Sunday?
  - 7. What time (or When) do you usually eat?
  - 8. When does he usually go home?

#### Diálogo

> Walter Let's meet at 7:30. Leo No, I get up at 7:30. Walter OK. Let's meet at 8:30.

Leo 8:30? How about a quarter to nine?

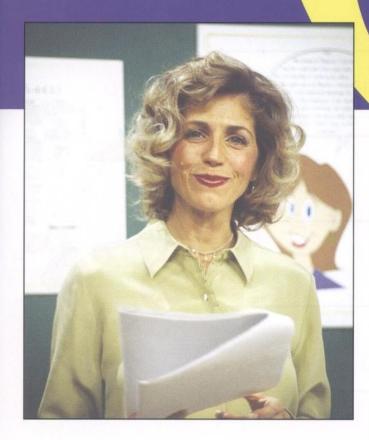
Walter 9:15?

Leo No, a quarter to nine. Eight forty-five.

Walter OK. 8:45.

#### Examen

- 1. She usually works at 3:45.
- 2. She usually plays in the afternoon.
- 3. They usually eat at 7:15 AM.
- 4. They usually play soccer at 3:10 PM.
- 5. They usually talk in the evening.
- 6. He usually walks in the morning.



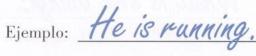
## Vocabulario 🔫



Encontrará las respuestas en la página 32.

A.	Escriba	oraci	ones	que	describ	an	estos	dibujos
	siguien	do el	ejem	plo	indicado	a	contin	nuación.







l. \_\_\_\_\_



2.



3.



4.



5. \_\_\_\_



6.



7. \_\_\_\_\_



8. guillage one would s

## **Vocabulario**

B. Escriba las preguntas correspondientes a estas respuestas.



Ejemplo: What is she doing?

She is working.



1. \_\_\_\_\_\_ They are kissing.

They are playing soccer.

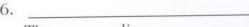


He is sitting.

She is going home.



He is watching TV.



They are reading.





at 8:00 AM

in the morning

Encontrará las respuestas en la página 32.

### C. Llene los espacios en blanco con las expresiones siguientes.

at noon

every afternoon

every evening

at 11:00 PM

What time does he go to bed?  He goes to bed  When do you play soccer?  I love soccer. I play soccer				every evening
When do you play soccer?				
When do you play soccer?	S			
	3			
				3
	Ð	Ð.	И	957
When do you watch TV?				
We watch TV	U	Я	4	-5
	When do you watch TV?	She usually gets up  When do you watch TV?  We watch TV	She usually gets up  When do you watch TV?  We watch TV	She usually gets up  When do you watch TV?  We watch TV

## Clase

D. Sopa de letras

Encuentre las palabras de la lista siguiente en el cuadro de abajo. Las palabras se leen de arriba abajo y de izquierda a derecha.

cooking, dinner, early, kissing, late, lunch, nosy, reading, running, sleeping, studying, walking, writing

G	L	C	K	W	K	W	V	W	S
F	U	0	1	Е	A	R	L	Y	L
R	N	0	S	Y	D	1	А	W	Е
Е	C	K	S	A	В	Т	T	A	E
А	Н	I	I	C	N	I	Е	L	Р
D	I	N	N	E	R	N	W	K	1
1	N	G	G	E	T	G	N	1	N
N	В	S	Т	U	D	Y	endo	N	G
G	L	R	U	N	N	-I	N	G	F

Diálogo (5)

Encontrará las respuestas en la página 33.

### Llene los espacios en blanco.

Ron	I'm	Whater
Sidney	- 0000	tired? Why
Ron	exercising	g. Are you tired?
Sidney	No, I'm watching	
Ron	a	re you watching
Sidney	A movie.	
Julie	What	you doing?
Ruth	Ι'	cooking.
Julie	What's your husband	?
Ruth	He's	_ the newspaper
Julie	What'	your son doing
Ruth	's (	loing homework.
	What are	doing
Julie	I'm	on the phone

### Examen

Encontrará las respuestas en la página 34.

#### Escriba preguntas y respuestas que describan los dibujos.

Ejemplo: What's he doing?

He's sleeping.





. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_



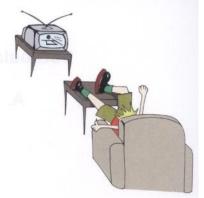


3.

4. ly sub tion and a mile addit.











#### Vocabulario

- **A.** 1. She is shopping.
  - 2. He is listening.
  - 3. He is thinking.
  - 4. He is working.
  - 5. She is writing.
  - 6. He is sleeping.
  - 7. They are talking.
  - 8. They are eating.
- **B.** 1. What are they doing?
  - 2. What are they doing?
  - 3. What is he doing?
  - 4. What is she doing?
  - 5. What is he doing?
  - 6. What are they doing?

#### Clase

- **C.** 1. at 11:00 PM
  - 2. every afternoon.
  - 3. at 8:00 AM.
  - 4. every evening.
  - 5. at noon

### Respuestas (

D.

G	L	C	K	W	K	W	V	W	S
F	U	0	1	E	Α	R	L	Y	L
R	N	0	S	Y	D	1	А	W	Е
Е	С	K	S	А	В	Т	Т	А	Е
А	Н	1	1	C	Ν	L	E	L	Р
D	ı	N	N	Е	R	N	W	K	1
1	N	G	G	Е	Т	G	Ν	1	N
N	В	S	Т	U	D	Υ	-1	N	G
G	L	R	U	Ν	Ν	1	N	G	F

#### Diálogo

Ron I'm tired.

Sidney You're tired? Why?

I'm exercising. Are you tired? Ron

No, I'm watching TV. Sidney Ron What are you watching?

Sidney A movie.

Julie What are you doing?

Ruth I'm cooking.

Julie What's your husband doing?

Ruth He's reading the newspaper.

Julie What's your son doing?

Ruth He's doing homework.

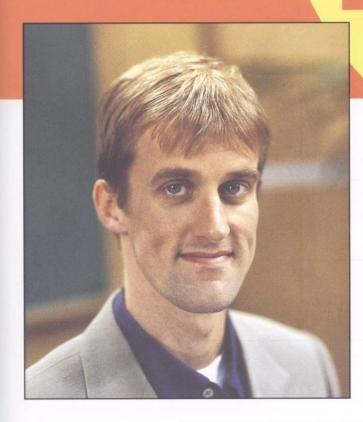
What are you doing?

Julie I'm talking on the phone!

#### Examen

- 1. What's she doing? She's shopping.
- 2. What's he doing? He's running.
- 3. What's she doing? She's working.
- 4. What's she doing? She's studying.
- 5. What's he doing? He's watching TV.
- 6. What are they doing? They're reading.
- 7. What's he doing? He's sitting.

## Lección



### Vocabulario (4



Encontrará las respuestas en la página 43.

### A. Escriba las preguntas correspondientes a estas respuestas. Use las palabras entre paréntesis.

They are shopping.	
Are they shopping?	
He is watching TV.	
The Design Company of the Company of	na managa
We are studying English.  (you)	
She is cooking.	
They are talking.	
Boxs he like Watching IV every evening:	Table 1
I am drinking.	
They are shopping.	
Are you cooking dimpellant alt m	.7
We are sitting.  (you)	
	Are they shopping?  He is watching TV.  We are studying English. (you)  She is cooking.  They are talking.  You)  They are shopping.

8. She is playing soccer.

## Vocabulario

Ejemplo:	Does 1	ne like to play soccer?
	Yes,	he does.
	1.	Do they like getting up at 6:00 AM?
		No,
	2.	Is he listening?
		Yes,
	3.	Does she like shopping?
		Yes,
	4.	Are you dreaming?
		Yes, I
	5.	Does he like watching TV every evening No,
V	6.	Do they like studying English every day: Yes,
	7.	Are you cooking dinner?
		No, we

Encontrará las respuestas en la página 43.

### C. Llene los espacios en blanco usando las palabras entre paréntesis.

Ejemplo: (	not,	see) Shedoesn	tsee	the book.
			3318	fis columnia
	1.	(run) He	e	very day in the morning
F CE	2.	(not, know) I	ast husa	the answer
COL TON				
	3.	(eat) They	_ breakfast eve	ry morning at 7:30 AM
		L. Marchalle Land		
	4.	(watch)	you	TV now?
	5.	(understand) We		
	6.	(no, go home) She		
		at 6:00 PM every day.	white:	T .
	120	La Maria Harris de la maria		
	7.	(usually, study) We		
		English in the afternoon	· qode	
	8.	(like, exercise) They		
		in the morning.		

# Clase

### D. Convierta las palabras siguientes en palabras que terminen en "ing".



- 1. write
- 3. run
- 4. go home \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. get up \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. listen\_\_\_\_
- 7. study\_\_\_\_\_
- 8. joke\_\_\_\_\_
- 9. shop
- 10. cook \_\_\_\_\_



Encontrará las respuestas en la página 44.

#### Elija la respuesta correcta.

- 1. Good morning. Is Mr. Thomas there?
  - a. No, good morning.
  - b. No, may I take a message?
- 2. Hello. This is Marcus.
  - a. Hi, Marcus. This is Ana.
  - b. Hi, Ana. This is Marcus.
- 3. Is Tony in?
  - a. May I speak to Greg?
  - b. No. Can I take a message?
- 4. Good afternoon. Wallace Office Supplies. May I help you?
  - a. This is Bruce Williamson of Ace Supply.
  - b. This is Bruce.
- 5. No, I'm sorry. Janet isn't here.
  - a. May she take a message?
  - b. May I leave a message?
- 6. It was nice talking to you.
  - a.Yes.
  - b.Yes. It was nice talking to you, too.

### Examen

Encontrará las respuestas en la página 44.

Escriba las preguntas correspondientes a las respuestas indicadas a continuación. Use las palabras en paréntesis.

Ejemplo:	Do they like playing soccer?
	Yes, they like playing soccer.
1.	2. Hello, Thip is Mannine
	Yes, he likes reading.
2.	
	No, he isn't watching TV.
3.	de per haitur Ferginagum is sident l'implication de
	No, they don't understand.
4.	d. This is Bruce Williamsanicol Acar Supply.
	She is cooking.
5.	(you)
	No, I'm not listening.
6.	(you)
	No, we don't like running.
7.	(you)
	Yes, I see the children.
8.	
	No, he doesn't like going home at 8:00 PM.

# Respuestas (4)

#### Vocabulario

- **A.** 1. Is he watching TV?
  - 2. Are you studying English?
  - 3. Is she cooking?
  - 4. Are they talking?
  - 5. Are you drinking?
  - 6. Are they shopping?
  - 7. Are you sitting?
  - 8. Is she playing soccer?

B.

- 1. No, they don't.
- 2. Yes, he is.
- 3. Yes, she does.
- 4. Yes, I am.
- 5. No, he doesn't.
- 6. Yes, they do.
- 7. No, we aren't.
- 8. Yes, he is.

#### Clase

- **C.** 1. runs
  - 2. do not know or don't know
  - 3. eat
  - 4. Are, watching
  - 5. understand
  - 6. doesn't go home
  - 7. usually study
  - 8. like exercising

# 4)

### Respuestas

- **D.** 1. writing
  - 2. reading
  - 3. running
  - 4. going home
  - 5. getting up
  - 6. listening
  - 7. studying
  - 8. joking
  - 9. shopping
  - 10. cooking

#### Diálogo

- 1. b
- 2. a
- 3. b
- 4. a
- 5. b
- 6. b

#### Examen

- 1. Does he like reading?
- 2. Is he watching TV?
- 3. Do they understand?
- 4. What is she doing?
- 5. Are you listening?
- 6. Do you like running?
- 7. Do you see the children?
- 8. Does he like going home at 8:00 PM?

## Aprendam<mark>os</mark> Viajando



### **Aprendamos Viajando**



Encontrará las respuestas en la página 49.

#### **Texas**

Antes de completar este ejercicio, vea la sección "Aprendamos Viajando" incluida en el video y lea la misma sección en el manual.

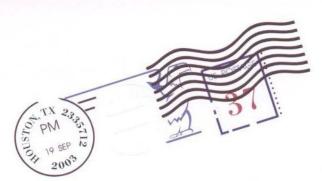
Si la información contenida en la oración es verdadera, haga un círculo alrededor de la palabra *True*. Si la información es falsa, haga un círculo alrededor de la palabra *False* y escriba una oración con la información correcta.

True		1. The Texas border with Mexico is 50 miles long.
True		2. It rains a lot in El Paso.
True	False	3. In Dallas, everything is green.
True	False	4. Dallas is the capital of Texas.
True	False	5. Dallas and Austin are large cities.

## Aprendamos Viajando

True	False	6. The Texas state capital building is the largest in the US.
	False	7. San Antonio is built along a river.
		and the state of t
True	False	8. Many people in San Antonio speak English and Spanish.
T	(12 s) m	9. River Walk is the most famous site in San Antonio.
True	raise	9. River wark is the most famous site in can rimono.
-		
True	False	<ol> <li>Mission San Francisco de la Espada was built in the 1800s.</li> </ol>
		True Pater 3, to Dailus, everything is gree
True	e False	11. It rains 47 inches every year in Houston.
		- Vive Enter A Dallas la the complete of Tiese
True	False	12. NASA is another name for Houston.

### Respuestas



- False. The Texas border with Mexico is 750 miles long.
- False. El Paso is one of the driest cities in Texas.
- 3. True.
- False. Austin is the capital of Texas. 4.
- False. Dallas is a large city. Austin is a small city.
- 6. True.
- 7. True.
- 8. True.
- 9. False. The Alamo is the most famous site.
- 10. False. The Mission was built in the 1700s.
- 11. True.
- 12. False. NASA is a space center.



### **Examen Final 3**

### Llene el círculo correspondiente a la respuesta correcta.

- C	. How old Rafael?  D a) do  D b) are  D c) have  D d) is  D e) has	<ul> <li>6. Do they play soccer the afternoon?</li> <li>O a) at</li> <li>O b) like</li> <li>O c) on</li> <li>O d) in</li> <li>O e) usually</li> </ul>	O a) No, I do. O b) Yes, you do. O c) Yes, they do. O d) No, we do. O e) No, I don't.
_ C	. He  D a) has 26 years  D b) is 26 years old  C) doesn't have 26  D d) hasn't 26 years  D e) has 26	7. It's 1:19 O a) It's twenty to two. O b) It's one one nine. O c) It's one nineteen. O d) It's one and nineteen. O e) It's one o nine.	<ul> <li>12. Are they dreaming?</li> <li>O a) No, I'm not dreaming.</li> <li>O b) No, dreaming.</li> <li>O c) Yes, dreaming.</li> <li>O d) Yes, they are.</li> <li>O e) Yes, they do.</li> </ul>
- C	<ul> <li>a) How do</li> <li>b) Who</li> <li>c) What</li> <li>d) Where</li> <li>e) How</li> </ul>	8. What is she She's running. O a) doing. O b) running. O c) doing? O d) running? O e) do?	13you? O a) Does, understand O b) Are, understand O c) Is, understand O d) Have, understanding O e) Do, understand
	<ul> <li>It's a quarter past five</li> <li>a) 4:45</li> <li>b) 5:15</li> <li>c) 5:30</li> <li>d) 4:50</li> <li>e) 5:05</li> <li>He usually at 6:30 PM.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>9. I love TV. I it every night.</li> <li>O a) listen to</li> <li>O b) watch</li> <li>O c) see</li> <li>O d) watching</li> <li>O e) seeing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>14 playing soccer?</li> <li>O a) We don't</li> <li>O b) Doesn't like</li> <li>O c) Does he</li> <li>O d) Do they</li> <li>O e) Do they like</li> </ul>
- C	a) go home b) b) isn't going c) c) going d) goes home b) e) doesn't go	10 they studying? O a) When O b) Is O c) Doesn't O d) Are O e) What	<ul> <li>15. What time is it?</li> <li>O a) Yes, it's noon.</li> <li>O b) It's noon.</li> <li>O c) Every day at noon.</li> <li>O d) At noon.</li> <li>O e) Afternoon.</li> </ul>

	2 5-6 7-8 9 10 15-17 17-18	
	7-8 9 10 15-17 17-18	
	7-8 9 10 15-17 17-18	
	9 10 15-17 17-18	
	10 15-17 17-18	
	15-17 17-18	
	17-18	
	17-18	
	19	
	20	
	Harris and the same of the sam	
	25-26	
	27-28	
	29	
	30-31	
	37-38	
	39-40	
	41	Cukost, da bar
THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	42	
	47-48	
	RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF T	